

Objective: TSWBAT identify simple subjects and predicates

RULES

- The **simple subject** is the main word that names the subject. It is usually one word.

*The **mayor** closed the schools.*

- The **simple predicate** is the main verb in the complete predicate. It can be more than one word.

The mayor closed the schools. He has closed them before.

1. I heard the news on the radio this morning.
2. The mayor made the announcement.
3. The schools will close for the rest of this week.
4. This storm did a lot of damage.
5. The wind felled a tree.
6. The streets filled with water.
7. Many areas lost electric power.

Simple
Subject

simple
Predicate

8. Some towns lack phone service, too.

simple
Subject

9. We will miss our math test.

simple
Predicate

10. I feel terrible!

11. Now I will help Mom.



12. Our neighbor needs some candles.

13. A lamp lights the room.

14. We eat dinner by candlelight.

15. Other people stop by.

A. Tell whether the underlined word is the simple subject or the simple predicate.
Circle your answer.

1. She arranged the visit through her school.

simple subject simple predicate

2. New Zealand is in the Southern Hemisphere.

simple subject simple predicate

3. September is springtime in New Zealand.

simple subject simple predicate

4. The original people of New Zealand are the Maoris.

simple subject simple predicate

5. Sheep outnumber people in New Zealand fifteen to one.

simple subject simple predicate

B. Underline the simple subject. Circle the simple predicate.

6. New Zealand was discovered by the Dutch in the 1600s.
7. Many people from Great Britain settled there in the 19th century.
8. Its name means "New South Land" in Dutch.
9. This island country has many unusual birds and animals.
10. The kiwi is the national bird.